

**CONTRACTING STATES AND MEASURES TAKEN BY THEM  
FOR THE PURPOSE OF THE CONVENTION****(October 28, 2022)**

Attached are listings, prepared by the Secretariat pursuant to Administrative and Financial Regulation 20, of:

Contracting States, including dates of entry into force for each of them of the Convention on the Settlement of Investment Disputes between States and Nationals of Other States (Art. 68 of the Convention)	- ICSID/8-A
Exclusions of Territories by Contracting States (Art. 70 of the Convention)	- ICSID/8-B
Designations by Contracting States Regarding Constituent Subdivisions or Agencies (Art. 25(1) and (3) of the Convention)	- ICSID/8-C
Notifications Concerning Classes of Disputes Considered Suitable or Unsuitable for Submission to the Centre (Art. 25(4) of the Convention)	- ICSID/8-D
Designations of Courts or Other Authorities Competent for the Recognition and Enforcement of Awards Rendered Pursuant to the Convention (Art. 54(2) of the Convention)	- ICSID/8-E
Legislative or Other Measures Relating to the Convention (Art. 69 of the Convention)	- ICSID/8-F

## CONTRACTING STATES

Listed below are the 158 Contracting States, together with the dates on which the Convention entered into force for them:

<u>Contracting State</u>	<u>Entry into Force of Convention</u>
Afghanistan	July 25, 1968
Albania	November 14, 1991
Algeria	March 22, 1996
Angola	October 21, 2022
Argentina	November 18, 1994
Armenia	October 16, 1992
Australia	June 1, 1991
Austria	June 24, 1971
Azerbaijan	October 18, 1992
Bahamas, The	November 18, 1995
Bahrain	March 15, 1996
Bangladesh	April 26, 1980
Barbados	December 1, 1983
Belarus	August 9, 1992
Belgium	September 26, 1970
Benin	October 14, 1966
Bosnia and Herzegovina	June 13, 1997
Botswana	February 14, 1970
Brunei Darussalam	October 16, 2002
Bulgaria	May 13, 2001
Burkina Faso	October 14, 1966
Burundi	December 5, 1969
Cambodia	January 19, 2005
Cameroon	February 2, 1967

<u>Contracting State</u>	<u>Entry into Force of Convention</u>
Canada	December 1, 2013
Cabo Verde	January 26, 2011
Central African Republic	October 14, 1966
Chad	October 14, 1966
Chile	October 24, 1991
China	February 6, 1993
Colombia	August 14, 1997
Comoros	December 7, 1978
Congo, Republic of	October 14, 1966
Congo, Democratic Republic of	May 29, 1970
Costa Rica	May 27, 1993
Côte d'Ivoire	October 14, 1966
Croatia	October 22, 1998
Cyprus	December 25, 1966
Czechia	April 22, 1993
Denmark	May 24, 1968
Djibouti	July 9, 2020
Ecuador	September 3, 2021
Egypt, Arab Republic of	June 2, 1972
El Salvador	April 5, 1984
Estonia	July 23, 1992
Eswatini	July 14, 1971
Fiji	September 10, 1977
Finland	February 8, 1969
France	September 20, 1967
Gabon	October 14, 1996
Gambia, The	January 26, 1975
Georgia	September 6, 1992

<u>Contracting State</u>	<u>Entry into Force of Convention</u>
Germany	May 18, 1969
Ghana	October 14, 1966
Greece	May 21, 1969
Grenada	June 23, 1991
Guatemala	February 20, 2003
Guinea	December 4, 1968
Guyana	August 10, 1969
Haiti	November 26, 2009
Honduras	March 16, 1989
Hungary	March 6, 1987
Iceland	October 14, 1966
Indonesia	October 28, 1968
Iraq	December 17, 2015
Ireland	May 7, 1981
Israel	July 22, 1983
Italy	April 28, 1971
Jamaica	October 14, 1966
Japan	September 16, 1967
Jordan	November 29, 1972
Kazakhstan	October 21, 2000
Kenya	February 2, 1967
Korea, Republic of	March 23, 1967
Kosovo, Republic of	July 29, 2009
Kuwait	March 4, 1979
Kyrgyz Republic	May 21, 2022
Latvia	September 7, 1997
Lebanon	April 25, 2003
Lesotho	August 7, 1969

<u>Contracting State</u>	<u>Entry into Force of Convention</u>
Liberia	July 16, 1970
Lithuania	August 5, 1992
Luxembourg	August 29, 1970
Madagascar	October 14, 1966
Malawi	October 14, 1966
Malaysia	October 14, 1966
Mali	February 2, 1978
Malta	December 3, 2003
Mauritania	October 14, 1966
Mauritius	July 2, 1969
Mexico	August 26, 2018
Micronesia, Federated State of	July 24, 1993
Moldova	June 4, 2011
Mongolia	July 14, 1991
Montenegro	May 10, 2013
Morocco	June 10, 1967
Mozambique	July 7, 1995
Nauru	May 12, 2016
Nepal	February 6, 1969
Netherlands	October 14, 1966
New Zealand	May 2, 1980
Nicaragua	April 19, 1995
Niger	December 14, 1966
Nigeria	October 14, 1966
North Macedonia	November 26, 1998
Norway	September 15, 1967
Oman	August 23, 1995
Pakistan	October 15, 1966

<u>Contracting State</u>	<u>Entry into Force of Convention</u>
Panama	May 8, 1996
Papua New Guinea	November 19, 1978
Paraguay	February 6, 1983
Peru	September 8, 1993
Philippines	December 17, 1978
Portugal	August 1, 1984
Qatar	January 20, 2011
Romania	October 12, 1975
Rwanda	November 14, 1979
Samoa	May 25, 1978
San Marino	May 18, 2015
Sao Tome and Principe	June 19, 2013
Saudi Arabia	June 7, 1980
Senegal	May 21, 1967
Serbia	June 8, 2007
Seychelles	April 19, 1978
Sierra Leone	October 14, 1966
Singapore	November 13, 1968
Slovak Republic	June 26, 1994
Slovenia	April 6, 1994
Solomon Islands	October 8, 1981
Somalia	March 30, 1968
South Sudan	May 18, 2012
Spain	September 17, 1994
Sri Lanka	November 11, 1967
St. Kitts & Nevis	September 3, 1995
St. Lucia	July 4, 1984
St. Vincent and the Grenadines	January 15, 2003

<u>Contracting State</u>	<u>Entry into Force of Convention</u>
Sudan	May 9, 1973
Sweden	January 28, 1967
Switzerland	June 14, 1968
Syria	February 24, 2006
Tanzania	June 17, 1992
Timor-Leste	August 22, 2002
Togo	September 10, 1967
Tonga	April 20, 1990
Trinidad and Tobago	February 2, 1967
Tunisia	October 14, 1966
Türkiye <sup>1</sup>	April 2, 1989
Turkmenistan	October 26, 1992
Uganda	October 14, 1966
Ukraine	July 7, 2000
United Arab Emirates	January 22, 1982
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	January 18, 1967
United States of America	October 14, 1966
Uruguay	September 8, 2000
Uzbekistan	August 25, 1995
Yemen, Republic of	November 20, 2004
Zambia	July 17, 1970
Zimbabwe	June 19, 1994

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<sup>1</sup> On ratifying the Convention, Türkiye declared that: “With respect to Article 64 of the Convention, the Government of Turkey is of the opinion that the disputes which may arise from the interpretation and application of the Convention can be solved through meaningful negotiations between the parties to the dispute, without the need of having recourse to third party settlement.”

**EXCLUSIONS OF TERRITORIES BY CONTRACTING STATES**

Pursuant to Article 70 of the Convention, the following Contracting States have excluded from the application of the Convention the following territories for whose international relations they are responsible:

<u>Contracting State</u> <sup>2</sup>	<u>Date Notice of Exclusion was Received by Depository</u> <sup>3</sup>	<u>Territories Excluded</u>
Moldova	May 5, 2011	<u>Text of Notice</u> : "...the provisions of the Convention shall be applied only on the territory effectively controlled by the authorities of the Republic of Moldova."
New Zealand	April 2, 1980	Cook Islands Niue Tokelau
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	June 19, 1973	British Indian Ocean Territory Pitcairn Islands British Antarctic Sovereign Base Areas of Cyprus New Hebrides

<sup>2</sup> Denmark excluded, by a notification received on May 15, 1968, the Faroe Islands; by notification received on October 30, 1968, Denmark extended the application of the Convention to the Faroe Islands as of January 1, 1969.

On depositing its instrument of ratification, the Netherlands restricted the application of the Convention to the Kingdom in Europe; by a notification received on May 22, 1970, the Netherlands withdrew that restriction and thus extended the application of the Convention to Suriname and the Netherlands Antilles; Suriname having attained independence on November 25, 1975, the Convention ceased to be applicable to Suriname as of that date.

On depositing its instrument of ratification, the United Kingdom excluded, inter alia, from its coverage Jersey and the Isle of Man. By notifications received on June 27, 1979, and November 17, 1983, respectively, the United Kingdom extended the application of the Convention to Jersey as of July 1, 1979, and to the Isle of Man as of November 1, 1983.

<sup>3</sup> The International Bank for Reconstruction and Development.



Art. 25(1) and (3) of  
the Convention

## DESIGNATIONS BY CONTRACTING STATES REGARDING CONSTITUENT SUBDIVISIONS OR AGENCIES

1. Article 25(1) of the Convention provides that the jurisdiction of the Centre shall extend to any legal dispute arising directly out of an investment between a Contracting State (or any constituent subdivision or agency of a Contracting State designated to the Centre by that State) and a national of another Contracting State, which the parties to the dispute consent in writing to submit to the Centre.

2. The following Contracting States have designated the subdivisions and agencies listed below as competent to become parties to disputes submitted to the Centre. In some cases, the States concerned have, pursuant to Article 25(3) of the Convention, also notified the Centre that no approval by the State is required for the designated subdivision or agency's consent to submit disputes to the Centre, and these are also indicated below:

<u>Contracting State</u> <sup>4</sup>	<u>Date of Designation</u>	<u>Name of Constituent Subdivision/Agency</u>
Australia	May 2, 1991*	The State of New South Wales The State of Victoria The State of Queensland The State of South Australia The State of Tasmania The Northern Territory The Australian Capital Territory
Canada	September 10, 2014*	Province of Alberta Province of British Columbia Province of Ontario

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Note: *ad hoc* designations and notifications made by Contracting States pursuant to Articles 25(1) and 25(3) are excluded from this listing.

\* This symbol signifies that on making the designation, the Contracting State also notified the Centre, pursuant to Article 25(3) of the Convention, that the State's approval would not be required for consents by the constituent subdivision/agency to submit disputes to the Centre.

<sup>4</sup> The Government of the Republic of Ecuador signed the ICSID Convention on January 15, 1986 and deposited its instrument of ratification on the same date. The Convention entered into force for Ecuador on February 14, 1986. On April 19, 1988, the Republic of Ecuador designated the Corporación Estatal Petrolera Ecuatoriana as a constituent subdivision or agency pursuant to Article 25(1) of the ICSID Convention. On August 21, 2002, the Republic of Ecuador designated the Consejo Nacional de Electricidad (CONELEC) as a constituent subdivision or agency pursuant to Article 25(1) of the ICSID Convention. On July 6, 2009, the depositary received a written notice of Ecuador's denunciation of the Convention. In accordance with Article 71 of the Convention, the denunciation took effect six months after the receipt of Ecuador's notice, i.e., on January 7, 2010.

<u>Contracting State<sup>4</sup></u>	<u>Date of Designation</u>	<u>Name of Constituent Subdivision/Agency</u>
China	August 26, 2022*	Hong Kong Special Administrative Region
Guinea	August 16, 1983	Société des Mines de Fer de Guinée pour l'Exploitation des Monts Nimba
	April 17, 1991	Société Nationale des Eaux de Guinée
Indonesia	September 27, 2012*	Government of the Regency of East Kutai
Kenya	June 20, 1988	Kenya Ports Authority
		Kenya National Shipping Line
Madagascar	October 8, 1981	Entreprise Nationale d'Hydrocarbure
Nigeria	May 11, 1978	Nigerian National Petroleum Corporation
Peru	October 11, 1996*	Perupetro S.A.
Portugal	July 24, 1996*	ICEP, Investimentos, Comércio e Turismo de Portugal
Sudan	November 19, 1981	The General Petroleum Corporation
Türkiye	October 8, 1998	Turkish Electricity Generation and Transmission Corporation (TEAŞ)
		Petroleum Pipeline Corporation (BOTAŞ)
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	May 7, 1968	Bermuda
		British Virgin Islands
		Cayman Islands
		Falkland Islands (Malvinas)
		Falkland Islands (Malvinas) Dependencies
		Gibraltar
		Montserrat
		Anguilla
		St. Helena
		St. Helena Dependencies
	June 11, 1973*	Turks & Caicos Islands
	October 1, 1990*	Guernsey (Bailiwick of)
		Jersey (Bailiwick of)
		Isle of Man

**NOTIFICATIONS CONCERNING CLASSES OF DISPUTES  
CONSIDERED SUITABLE OR UNSUITABLE FOR SUBMISSION  
TO THE CENTRE**

The following Contracting States have notified the Centre, pursuant to Article 25(4) of the Convention, of the class or classes of disputes they would or would not consider submitting to the jurisdiction of the Centre:

<u>Contracting State</u> <sup>5</sup>	<u>Classes of Disputes</u>
China	<p><u>Text of Notification:</u></p> <p>“[P]ursuant to Article 25(4) of the Convention, the Chinese Government would only consider submitting to the jurisdiction of the International Centre for Settlement of Investment Disputes disputes over compensation resulting from expropriation and nationalization.”</p> <p><u>Date of Notification:</u></p> <p>January 7, 1993</p>
Guatemala <sup>6</sup>	<p><u>Text of Notification:</u></p> <p>“The Republic of Guatemala does not accept submitting to the Centre’s jurisdiction any dispute which arises from a</p>

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<sup>5</sup> On July 8, 1974, Guyana notified the Centre “that Guyana would not consider submitting to the jurisdiction of the Centre legal disputes arising directly out of an investment relating to the mineral and other natural resources of Guyana.” That notification was withdrawn by Guyana by a communication dated September 29, 1987 stating, inter alia, that “[h]ereafter the Government of Guyana will, in accordance with Article 25 of the said Convention, refer to the Centre legal disputes to which that Article applies and which the parties to the dispute consent in writing to submit to the Centre.”

On June 22, 1983, Israel notified the Centre that “Israel shall consider submitting to the Centre only disputes related to an approved investment under one of the Israeli Laws for the Encouragement of Capital Investments” and, with reference to Article 26 of the Convention, that “Israel requires the exhaustion of local administrative or judicial remedies as a condition under this Convention.” Those notifications were withdrawn by Israel by a communication received by the Centre on March 21, 1991.

On April 27, 1993, Costa Rica notified the Centre that “[t]here may only be recourse to arbitration pursuant to [the Convention] where all existing administrative or judicial remedies have been exhausted.”

<sup>6</sup> On January 16, 2003, Guatemala notified the Centre that “the Republic of Guatemala will require the exhaustion of local administrative remedies as a condition of its consent to arbitration under the Convention.”

compensation claim against the State for damages due to armed conflicts or civil disturbances.”

Date of Notification:

January 16, 2003

Indonesia

Text of Notification:

“[T]he Government of the Republic of Indonesia would not consider submitting to the jurisdiction of ICSID class of dispute arising from the administrative decision issued by the Regency Governments within the Republic of Indonesia.”

Date of Notification:

September 27, 2012

Jamaica

Text of Notification:

“In accordance with Article 25 of the Convention establishing the International Centre for the Settlement of Investment Disputes, the Government of Jamaica hereby notifies the Centre that the following class of dispute at any time arising shall not be subject to the jurisdiction of the Centre:

Class of Dispute:

Legal dispute arising directly out of an investment relating to minerals or other natural resources.”

Date of Notification:

May 8, 1974

Papua New Guinea

Text of Notification:

“WHEREAS under Article 25(4) of the Convention any Contracting State may, at the time of acceptance thereof, notify the Centre of the class or classes of disputes which it would or would not consider submitting to the jurisdiction of the Centre;

NOW THEREFORE the Government of Papua New Guinea

HEREBY NOTIFIES the Centre that it will only consider submitting those disputes to the Centre which are fundamental to the investment itself.”

Date of Notification:

September 14, 1978

Saudi Arabia

Text of Notification:

“[T]he Kingdom reserves the right of not submitting all questions pertaining to oil and pertaining to acts of sovereignty to the International Centre for the Settlement of Investment Disputes whether by way of conciliation or arbitration.”

Date of Notification:

May 8, 1980

Türkiye

Text of Notification:

“I also have the honour to hereby notify, pursuant to Article 25 (4) of the ‘Convention on the Settlement of Investment Disputes Between States and Nationals of Other States’ concerning classes of disputes considered suitable or unsuitable for submission to the jurisdiction of the Centre that only the disputes arising directly out of investment activities which have obtained necessary permission, in conformity with the relevant legislation of the Republic of Turkey on foreign capital, and that have effectively started shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Center. However, the disputes, related to the property and real rights upon the real estates are totally under the jurisdiction of the Turkish courts and therefore shall not be submitted to jurisdiction of the Center.”

Date of Notification:

March 3, 1989

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Note: The Government of the Republic of Ecuador signed the ICSID Convention on January 15, 1986 and deposited its instrument of ratification on the same date. The Convention entered into force for Ecuador on February 14, 1986. On December 4, 2007, the Republic of Ecuador notified the Centre pursuant to Article 25(4) of the ICSID Convention that: “The Republic of Ecuador will not consent to submit to the jurisdiction of the International Centre for Settlement of Investment Disputes (ICSID) the disputes that arise in matters concerning the treatment of an investment in economic activities related to the exploitation of natural resources, such as oil, gas, minerals or others. Any instrument containing the Republic of Ecuador’s previously expressed will to submit that class of disputes to the jurisdiction of the Centre, which has not been perfected by the express and explicit consent of the other party given prior to the date of submission of the present notification, is hereby withdrawn by the Republic of Ecuador with immediate effect as of this date.” On July 6, 2009, the depositary received a written notice of Ecuador’s denunciation of the Convention. In accordance with Article 71 of the Convention, the denunciation took effect six months after the receipt of Ecuador’s notice, i.e., on January 7, 2010.

**DESIGNATIONS OF COURTS OR OTHER AUTHORITIES COMPETENT FOR  
THE RECOGNITION AND ENFORCEMENT OF AWARDS RENDERED  
PURSUANT TO THE CONVENTION**

The following courts and other authorities have, in accordance with Article 54(2) of the Convention, been designated by Contracting States as competent for the recognition and enforcement of arbitral awards rendered pursuant to the Convention:

<u>Contracting State</u>	<u>Court or Other Authority</u>
Armenia	Court of Cassation of the Republic of Armenia
Argentina	Justicia Nacional en lo Contencioso Administrativo Federal (the proceeding to be initiated before the Cámara Nacional de Apelaciones en lo Contencioso Administrativo Federal)
Australia	The Supreme Court of New South Wales The Supreme Court of Victoria The Supreme Court of Queensland The Supreme Court of Western Australia The Supreme Court of South Australia The Supreme Court of Tasmania The Supreme Court of the Northern Territory The Supreme Court of the Australian Capital Territory
Austria	Landes- und Kreisgerichte
Azerbaijan	Supreme Court
Bahrain	First Chamber of the High Civil Court
Barbados	Registrar of the Supreme Court
Belarus	Supreme Court
Belgium	Ministère des affaires étrangères
Benin	Cour Suprême
Botswana	Registrar of the High Court

<u>Contracting State</u>	<u>Court or Other Authority</u>
Burkina Faso	Cour Suprême
Burundi	Tribunal de Première Instance de Bujumbura
Cameroon	Cour Suprême (Chambre Administrative)
Canada	The superior courts of Canada <sup>1</sup> The Alberta Court of Queen's Bench <sup>2</sup> The Supreme Court of British Columbia <sup>3</sup> The Ontario Superior Court of Justice <sup>4</sup>
Central African Republic	Le Tribunal de Grande Instance
Congo, Republic of	Tribunal de Grande Instance de Brazzaville
Colombia	Sala Plena de la Sección Tercera de la Sala de lo Contencioso Administrativo del Consejo del Estado
Costa Rica	Sala Primera de la Corte Suprema de Justicia
Côte d'Ivoire	Président du Tribunal de Première Instance d'Abidjan
Croatia	Municipal Civil Court in Zagreb
Cyprus	District Court, Nicosia
Czechia	Ministry of Justice
Denmark	Bailiff (lower court) of district concerned
Djibouti	Tribunal de Première Instance de Djibouti
Egypt, Arab Republic of	Ministry of Justice
Estonia	Harju County Court
Eswatini	High Court

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<sup>1</sup> For Canada, pursuant to section 8(1) of the Settlement of International Investment Disputes Act (S.C. 2008, c. 8), if Canada is the named party to the arbitration and in cases other than those involving Canada's constituent subdivisions.

<sup>2</sup> For Alberta, pursuant to section 6 of the Settlement of International Investment Disputes Act (SA 2013, c S-7.8), if Alberta is the named party to the arbitration.

<sup>3</sup> For British Columbia, pursuant to section 5 of the Settlement of International Investment Disputes Act [SBC 2006] Chapter 16, if British Columbia is the named party to the arbitration.

<sup>4</sup> For Ontario, pursuant to section 6 of the Settlement of International Investment Disputes Act (1999, S.O., c. 12, Sched. D), if Ontario is the named party to the arbitration.

<u>Contracting State</u>	<u>Court or Other Authority</u>
Fiji	Supreme Court
Finland	Executor-in-chief (ulosotonhaltija) with local jurisdiction
France	“Tribunal de Grande Instance” having jurisdiction where the enforcement is to take place
Germany	The “Landgericht” with local jurisdiction over the debtor, or, in its absence, the “Landgericht” of the district where the property of the debtor is located or where the enforcement is to take place
Ghana	High Court
Greece	Single Judge Court of First Instance for Athens
Guatemala	Organismo Judicial
Guinea	Procureur Général
Guyana	High Court
Hungary	Fővárosi Biróság, Budapest
Iceland	Bailiff (fogeti) of the District concerned
Indonesia	Supreme Court
Ireland	High Court
Israel	Appropriate District Court
Italy	Courts of Appeal having jurisdiction in the province where the enforcement is to take place
Jamaica	Supreme Court
Japan	The summary court or the district court which is designated in the arbitration agreement, and in the case of absence of such designation, the summary court or the district court having the jurisdiction over the place of the defendant’s domicile or residence, or over the place where the subject matter of a claim or the security therefor or any attachable property of the defendant is located



<u>Contracting State</u>	<u>Court or Other Authority</u>
Jordan	Court of First Instance
Kenya	High Court
Korea, Republic of	
Seoul	Seoul Civil District Court
Chunchon, Kangwondo	Chunchon District Court
Chongju, Chungchong Pukdo	Chongju District Court
Taejon, Chungchong Namdo	Taejon District Court
Taegu, Kyongsang Pukdo	Taegu District Court
Pusan, Kyongsang Namdo	Pusan District Court
Kwangju, Cholla Namdo	Kwangju District Court
Chonju, Cholla Pukdo	Chongju District Court
Cheju, Chejudo	Cheju District Court
Latvia	The Ministry of Justice
Lesotho	Permanent Secretary for Foreign Affairs
Liberia	Supreme Court
Lithuania	Court of Appeal
Luxembourg	Tribunal d'arrondissement
Madagascar	Chambre Administrative de la Cour Suprême
Malawi	High Court
Malaysia	High Court
Mauritania	Supreme Court of Mauritania (Nouakchott)
Mauritius	Supreme Court
Mexico	Los tribunales del fuero federal, es decir, los órganos jurisdiccionales pertenecientes al Poder Judicial de la Federación
Morocco	“Président du Tribunal Régional” of the district where the enforcement is to take place
Netherlands	President of the District Court in The Hague

<u>Contracting State</u>	<u>Court or Other Authority</u>
New Zealand	High Court
Niger	Tribunal de Première Instance dans le ressort duquel la sentence arbitral doit être exécutée
Nigeria	Supreme Court
Norway	Namsmannen (Bailiff)
Pakistan	Islamabad High Court Lahore High Court Peshawar High Court High Court of Sindh High Court Balochistan
Papua New Guinea	National Court
Paraguay	Juez de Primera Instancia en lo Civil y Comercial de turno del domicilio de la persona contra quien se intente ejecutar el laudo, o, en su defecto el de la ubicación de los bienes
Peru	<b>Recognition</b> - Sala Civil Subespecializada en lo Comercial o, en su defecto, la Sala Civil de la Corte Superior de Justicia del domicilio del emplazado  <b>Enforcement</b> - Juez Subespecializado en lo Comercial, o en su defecto, el Juez Civil, del domicilio del emplazado
Philippines	The Regional Trial Court of the city or province where the arbitration proceedings were held or where the losing party resides or does business
Portugal	Supremo Tribunal de Justiça
Romania	Bucharest Court and the District Courts by circumstance
Rwanda	Tribunal de Première Instance de Kigali
St. Lucia	Supreme Court of Saint Lucia
Saudi Arabia	Court of Grievances
Senegal	Cour d'Appel de Dakar
Sierra Leone	Cabinet (through the Ministry of Finance)

<u>Contracting State</u>	<u>Court or Other Authority</u>
Singapore	High Court
Sri Lanka	District Court of Colombo
Slovenia	District Court of Ljubljana
Spain	Juzgado de Primera Instancia
Sudan	Khartoum Province Court
Sweden	Ministry of Foreign Affairs
Switzerland	
Argau (AG)	Bezirksgerichtspräsident
Appenzell Ausserrhoden (AR)	Einzelrichter des Obergerichtes
Appenzell Innerrhoden (AI)	Bezirksgerichtspräsident
Basel-Landschaft (BL)	Bezirksgerichtspräsident
Basel-Stadt (BS)	Dreiergericht
Bern (BE)	Gerichtspräsident
Fribourg (FR)	Président du Tribunal de district
Genève (GE)	Tribunal de première instance
Glarus (GL)	Kantonsgerichtspräsidium
Graubünden (GR)	Bezirksgerichtspräsident
Jura (JU)	Cour civile du Tribunal cantonal
Luzern (LU)	Amtsgerichtspräsident
Neuchâtel (NE)	Président du Tribunal de district
Nidwalden (NW)	Rechtsöffnungsrichter
Obwalden (OW)	Kantonsgerichtspräsident
Schaffhausen (SH)	Einzelrichter des Kantonsgerichts
Schwyz (SZ)	Einzelrichter des Bezirksgerichts
Solothurn (SO)	Amtsgerichtspräsident
St. Gallen (SG)	Kreisgerichtspräsident
Thurgau (TG)	Bezirksgerichtspräsident
Ticino (TI)	Giudice di Pace e Pretore
Uri (UR)	Landgerichtspräsident
Valais (VS)	Juge Instructeur
Vaud (VD)	Président du Tribunal d'arrondissement
Zug (ZG)	Kantonsgerichtspräsident
Zurich (ZH)	Einzelrichter des Bezirksgerichts
Togo	Président du Tribunal de Droit Moderne de Première Instance de Lomé
Trinidad and Tobago	High Court

<u>Contracting State</u>	<u>Court or Other Authority</u>
Tunisia	“Tribunal de Première Instance” having jurisdiction in the place where the enforcement is to take place
Türkiye	The commercial court of first instance ("asliye ticaret mahkemesi") belonging to the subject place, as designated in the written agreement between the parties, and in case of absence of such agreement, the commercial court of first instance having the jurisdiction over the place of the losing party's domicile, if not, residence, or, in the absence of both, over the place of the subject property of the claim, or in places where a commercial court of first instance does not exist, the civil court of first instance ("asliye hukuk mahkemesi") of the subject place
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	
Bermuda	Supreme Court of Bermuda
British Virgin Islands	West Indies Associated States Supreme Court
Cayman Islands	Grand Court of the Cayman Islands
England and Wales	The High Court
Falkland Islands (Malvinas)	Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands (Malvinas)
Falkland Islands (Malvinas) Dependencies	Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands (Malvinas) Dependencies
Gibraltar	Supreme Court of Gibraltar
Guernsey (Bailiwick of) Islands of Guernsey, Herm and Jethou	Royal Court sitting as Ordinary Court
Islands of Alderney	Court of Alderney
Island of Sark	Court of the Seneschal of Sark
Isle of Man	The High Court of Justice of the Isle of Man
Jersey (Bailiwick of)	The Royal Court of Jersey
Montserrat	West Indies Associated States Supreme Court
Northern Ireland	The High Court in Northern Ireland
Anguilla	West Indies Associates States Supreme Court
St. Helena	Supreme Court of St. Helena
St. Helena Dependencies	Supreme Court of St. Helena
Scotland	The Court of Session
Turks and Caicos Islands	Supreme Court of the Turks and Caicos Islands
United States of America	Federal District Courts (including each Court created by Act of Congress in a territory which is invested with any jurisdiction of a district court of the United States)
Uruguay	Suprema Corte de Justicia

Contracting State

Court or Other Authority

Zambia

High Court

Zimbabwe

High Court

**LEGISLATIVE OR OTHER MEASURES RELATING TO THE CONVENTION**

Contracting States have communicated to the Centre the following legislative or other measures taken by them, pursuant to Article 69 of the Convention, to make its provisions effective in their territories:

<u>Contracting State</u>	<u>Title of Legislation (Citation)</u>
Australia	ICSID Implementation Act 1990. (Act No. 107 of 1990)
Austria	Ratifikationsurkunde für das Übereinkommen zur Beilegung von Investitionsstreitigkeiten zwischen Staaten und Angehörigen anderer Staaten. (Off. Gaz. 357, Vol. 99, Sept. 10, 1971, p. 1853)
Belgium	Loi du 17 juillet 1970 portant approbation de la Convention pour le règlement des différends relatifs aux investissements entre Etats et ressortissants d'autres Etats, faite à Washington le 18 mars 1965. (Off. Gaz. 185, Sept. 24, 1970, p. 9548)
Benin	Ordonnance No. 36/PR/MFAE du 26 août 1966 portant ratification de la Convention pour le règlement des différends relatifs aux investissements entre Etats et ressortissants d'autres Etats. (Off. Gaz. 17, Sept. 1, 1966, p. 773)
	Décret No. 445/PR/MFAEP du 28 décembre 1967 portant nomination de conciliateurs et d'arbitres au Centre International pour le Règlement des Différends relatifs aux Investissements. (Off. Gaz. 4, February 14, 1968, p. 161)
Botswana	The Settlement of Investment Disputes (Convention) Act, 1970. (Act No. 65 of 1970)

<u>Contracting State</u>	<u>Title of Legislation (Citation)</u>
Burkina Faso	Ordonnance No. 17/PRES/DEV.T/AET du 31 mars 1966 portant ratification de la Convention pour le règlement des différends relatifs aux investissements entre Etats et ressortissants d'autres Etats conclue sous les auspices de la Banque Internationale pour la Reconstruction et le Développement.
Cameroon	Loi No. 66/LF/13 du 30 août 1966 autorisant le Président de la République Fédérale à ratifier la Convention pour le règlement des différends relatifs aux investissements entre Etats et ressortissants d'autres Etats. (Off. Gaz. Sept. 1, 1966, p. 93)  Décret No. 66/DF/454 du 30 août 1966 portant ratification de la Convention pour le règlement des différends relatifs aux investissements entre Etats et ressortissants d'autres Etats. (Off. Gaz. December 1, 1966, p. 1250)  Loi 75-18 du 8 décembre 1975 relative à la reconnaissance des sentences arbitrales. (Off. Gaz. 6, Suppl., December 15, 1975, p. 234)
Canada	Settlement of International Investment Disputes Act (S.C. 2008, c. 8) (Canada)  Settlement of International Investment Disputes Act (SA 2013, c S-7.8) (Alberta)  Settlement of International Investment Disputes Act [SBC 2006] Chapter 16 (British Columbia)  Settlement of International Investment Disputes Act, 1999 (1999, S.O., c. 12, Sched. D) (Ontario)
Chad	Loi No. 6 du 8 janvier 1966 portant approbation de la Convention.  Décret No. 15/PR du 21 janvier 1966 portant ratification de la Convention pour le règlement des différends relatifs aux investissements entre Etats et ressortissants d'autres Etats.
Comoros	Décret No. 78/0073/PR portant ratification de l'adhésion de la R.F.I. des Comores à la Convention pour le règlement des différends relatifs aux investissements entre Etats et ressortissants d'autres Etats (CIRDI).

<u>Contracting State</u>	<u>Title of Legislation (Citation)</u>
Congo, Republic of	Loi No. 69/65 autorisant la ratification de la Convention pour le règlement des différends relatifs aux investissements entre Etats et ressortissants d'autres Etats.
Côte d'Ivoire	Loi No. 65-237 du 26 juin 1965 autorisant le Président de la République à ratifier la Convention passée avec la Banque Internationale pour la Reconstruction et le Développement pour le règlement des différends relatifs aux investissements entre Etats et ressortissants d'autres Etats. (Off. Gaz. 35, July 15, 1965, p. 770)
	Décret No. 65-238 du 28 juin 1965 portant ratification de la Convention passée avec la Banque Internationale pour la Reconstruction et le Développement pour le règlement des différends relatifs aux investissements entre Etats et ressortissants d'autres Etats.
Cyprus	Council of Ministers Decision No. 5331 of January 20, 1966. (Off. Gaz. 532, October 27, 1966)
	Law No. 64 of 1966 on approval of Convention by the House of Representatives. (Off. Gaz. 532, October 27, 1966)
Denmark	Act No. 466 of December 15, 1967, on Recognition and Execution of Orders Concerning Certain International Investment Disputes.
Djibouti	Loi No. 63/AN/19/8ème L du 18 novembre 2019 portant ratification de la Convention pour le règlement des différends relatifs aux investissements entre Etats et ressortissants d'autres Etats. (Journal Officiel No. 22 du novembre 2019)
Egypt, Arab Republic of	Decree-Law No. 90 of November 7, 1971, approving the accession of the Arab Republic of Egypt to the International Convention. (Off. Gaz. November 11, 1971)
El Salvador	Acuerdo No. 349 de 19 julio 1982.  Decreto No. 111 de 7 diciembre 1982. (Off. Gaz. 230, Vol. 277, December 14, 1982)



<u>Contracting State</u>	<u>Title of Legislation (Citation)</u>
Finland	<p>Law No. 74/69 of December 27, 1968 containing the approval of the Convention. (Off. Gaz. No. 1-8, 1969, p. 7)</p> <p>Decree No. 75/69 of January 24, 1969, containing regulations for the implementation of the Convention.</p>
France	<p>Loi No. 67-551 du 8 juillet 1967 autorisant la ratification de la Convention pour le règlement des différends relatifs aux investissements entre Etats et ressortissants d'autres Etats, du 18 mars 1965. (Off. Gaz. July 11, 1967, p. 6931)</p>
Gabon	<p>Loi No. 19/65 du 20 décembre 1965 portant ratification de la Convention pour le règlement des différends relatifs aux investissements entre Etats et ressortissants d'autres Etats.</p>
Germany	<p>Gesetz zu dem Ubereinkommen vom 18 März 1965 zur Beilegung von Investitionsstreitigkeiten zwischen Staaten und Angehörigen anderer Staaten vom 25 Februar 1969. (Off. Gaz. 12, Part II, March 4, 1969, p. 369)</p>
Greece	<p>Necessity Law No. 608, November 11, 1968.</p>
Guinea	<p>Loi No. 12/AN-68, portant ratification de la Convention pour le règlement des différends relatifs aux investissements entre Etats et ressortissants d'autres Etats.</p> <p>Décret No. 409/PRG du 28 sept. 1968 promulguant une loi de l'Assemblée Nationale portant ratification par la République de Guinée de la Convention pour le règlement des différends relatifs aux investissements entre Etats et ressortissants d'autres Etats.</p>
Honduras	<p>Decreto No. 41-88. (Off. Gaz. August 4, 1988)</p>
Iceland	<p>Law authorizing the Government to become a party to an International Convention on the Settlement of Investment Disputes Between States and Nationals of Other States. (Off. Gaz. A, 74, 1966)</p>
Indonesia	<p>Law No. 5 of June 29, 1968. (Off. Gaz. 32, 1968)</p>

<u>Contracting State</u>	<u>Title of Legislation (Citation)</u>
Ireland	Arbitration Act, 1980 [covering, <u>inter alia</u> , the ICSID Convention]. (Act No. 7 of 1980)
	Arbitration Act, 1980 (Part IV) (Commencement) Order, 1980. (S.I. No. 356 of 1980)
	International Centre for Settlement of Investment Disputes (Designation and Immunities) Order, 1980. (S.I. No. 339 of 1980)
Italy	Legge 10 maggio 1970, n. 1093 Ratifica ed esecuzione della Convenzione per il regolamento delle Controversie relative agli investimenti tra Stati e cittadini di altri Stati, adottata a Washington il 18 marzo 1965. (Off. Gaz. 8, January 12, 1971, p. 155)
Jamaica	Investment Disputes Awards (Enforcement) Act, 1966 (Act 28 of August 29, 1966). (Off. Gaz. XC, 18 February 16, 1967, p. 60)
	Investment Disputes Awards (Enforcement) Act, 1966 (Appointed Day) Notice. (Notice No. 45 of February 7, 1967) (Off. Gaz. XC, 18 February 16, 1967, p. 60)
	Bauxite (Production Levy) Act, 1974. (Act 19 of 1974)
Jordan	Royal Decree granted to Decision No. 1196 of Council of Ministers of May 17, 1972, ratifying the Convention on the Settlement of Investment Disputes Between States and Nationals of Other States.
Kenya	The Investment Disputes Convention Act of 1966. (Act 31 of November 22, 1966)
Korea, Republic of	Promulgation of the Convention (as Treaty No. 234) (Off. Gaz. Extr. No. 4580, February 21, 1967, p. 361)
Kuwait	Law Decree No. 1 of January 14, 1979.
Lesotho	Arbitration International Investment (Disputes) Act (Act 23 of 1974). (Off. Gaz. 10, Suppl. 2, March 14, 1975)

<u>Contracting State</u>	<u>Title of Legislation (Citation)</u>
Luxembourg	Loi du 8 avril 1970 portant approbation de la Convention pour le règlement des différends relatifs aux investissements entre Etats et ressortissants d'autres Etats, en date à Washington, du 18 mars 1965. (Off. Gaz. A, No. 25, May 9, 1970, p. 536)
Malawi	Investment Disputes (Enforcement of Awards) Act, 1966 (Act 46 of December 29, 1966). (Off. Gaz. Suppl., January 10, 1967)
Malaysia	Convention on the Settlement of Investment Disputes Act, 1966. (Act of Parliament 14 of 1966)  Notification on entry into force of the Convention on the Settlement of Investment Disputes Act, 1966. (Notification No. 96 of March 10, 1966)  Arbitration (Amendment) Act, 1980. (Act A 478 of 1980)
Mali	Décret No. 09/P-CMLN portant promulgation de l'Ordonnance No. 77-63/CMLN du 11 novembre 1977. (Off. Gaz. 536, January 6, 1978)  Ordonnance No. 77-63/CMLN portant approbation de la Convention pour le règlement des différends relatifs aux investissements entre Etats et ressortissants d'autres Etats. (Off. Gaz. 536, January 6, 1978)
Mauritania	Loi No. 65.135 du 20 juillet 1965 autorisant le Président de la République à ratifier la Convention pour le règlement des différends relatifs aux investissements entre Etats et ressortissants d'autres Etats. (Off. Gaz. 166/167, Sept. 15, 1965, p. 301)
Mauritius	Investment Disputes (Enforcement of Awards) Act, 1969. (Act No. 12 of April 24, 1969)  Proclamation to fix the date of the coming into force of the Investment Disputes (Enforcement of Awards) Act, 1969. (Proclamation No. 6, June 25, 1969)

<u>Contracting State</u>	<u>Title of Legislation (Citation)</u>
Mexico	DECRETO por el que se aprueba el Convenio sobre Arreglo de Diferencias Relativas a Inversiones entre Estados y Nacionales de Otros Estados, hecho en la ciudad de Washington, D.C., el dieciocho de marzo de mil novecientos sesenta y cinco, Diario Oficial de la Federación 22/06/2018.
Morocco	Décret royal No. 564-65 du 31 octobre 1966 portant ratification de la Convention pour le règlement des différends relatifs aux investissements entre Etats et ressortissants d'autres Etats. (Off. Gaz. 2820 No. 16, 1966, pp. 1288, 1332)
Netherlands	Law of July 21, 1966, containing the approval of the Convention on the Settlement of Investment Disputes Between States and Nationals of Other States. (Off. Gaz. 339, 1966, p. 802)
New Zealand	Arbitration (International Investment Disputes) Act, 1979. (Act No. 39 of 1979)  Arbitration (International Investment Disputes) Amendment Act, 2000. (Act No. 52 of 2000)
Niger	Loi No. 68-06 du 12 février 1968 autorisant le Président de la République à ratifier la Convention internationale pour le règlement des différends relatifs aux investissements entre Etats et ressortissants d'autres Etats, signée par le plénipotentiaire du Niger à Washington le 23 août 1965. (Off. Gaz. 4, February 15, 1968, p. 119)
Nigeria	Decree No. 49 of 1967, International Centre for Settlement of Investment Disputes (Enforcement of Awards). (Off. Gaz. Extr. 105, Vol. 54, No. 30, 1967, p. A255)
Norway	Act of June 8, 1967, relating to the implementation of the Convention of March 18, 1965 on the Settlement of Investment Disputes Between States and Nationals of Other States. (Off. Gaz. I (1967), p. 23, reprinted Off. Gaz. II (1967), p. 415)
Papua New Guinea	Investment Disputes Convention Act, 1978. (Act No. 48 of 1978)
Portugal	Decree-Law No. 15/84. (Off. Gaz. No. 79, April 3, 1984)

<u>Contracting State</u>	<u>Title of Legislation (Citation)</u>
Romania	Decret al Consiliului de Stat privind ratificarea Conventiei pentru reglementar differend relative la investitii intre State si persoane ale allor State, in cheiata la Washington la 18 martie 1965. (Off. Gaz. 56 June 7, 1975, p. 3)
Rwanda	Décret No. 20/79 du 16 juillet 1979.
Saudi Arabia	Council of Ministers Resolution No. 372, 15/3/1394 A.H. Royal Decree No. M/8, 22/3/1394 A.H.
Senegal	Loi No. 67-14 du 28 février 1967 autorisant le Président de la République à ratifier la Convention pour le règlement des différends relatifs aux investissements entre états et ressortissants d'autres Etats. (Off. Gaz. 3888, April 17, 1967)  Décret No. 67-517 du 19 mai 1967 ordonnant la publication au J.O. de la Convention pour le règlement des différends relatifs aux investissements entre Etats et ressortissants d'autres Etats. (Off. Gaz. 3897, June 10, 1967)
Singapore	Arbitration (International Investment Disputes) Act (Singapore Statutes, 1970 Rev. Ed., Act No. 18, Ch. 17, Sept. 10, 1968, p. 257)
Somalia	Law No. 11 of February 8, 1967 enforcing the Convention.
Sri Lanka	Greater Colombo Economic Commission Law, No. 4 of 1978.
Sudan	Republican Decree No. 121 of 1972 (ratifying the Convention.)
Sweden	Act on Recognition and Execution of Awards Concerning Certain International Investment Disputes. (Act No. 735 of December 16, 1966)
Switzerland	Arrêté fédéral approuvant la Convention pour le règlement des différends relatifs aux investissements entre Etats et ressortissants d'autres Etats. (Recueil des lois féd., 32, August 9, 1968, p. 1021)

<u>Contracting State</u>	<u>Title of Legislation (Citation)</u>
Togo	Ordonnance No. 32 du 25 juillet 1967 portant ratification par la République togolaise de la Convention pour le règlement des différends relatifs aux investissements entre Etats et ressortissants d'autres Etats.
Trinidad and Tobago	Investment Disputes Awards (Enforcement) Act, 1968. (Act No. 23 of August 13, 1968)
Tunisia	Loi No. 66-23 du 3 mai 1966 portant ratification de la Convention pour le règlement des différends relatifs aux investissements entre Etats et ressortissants d'autres Etats. (Off. Gaz. May 3-6, 1966, p. 723)
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	Arbitration (International Investment Disputes) Act 1966. (1966 c. 41)
	The Arbitration (International Investment Disputes) Act 1966 (Commencement) Order 1966. (Statutory Instruments, 1966, No. 1597, December 21, 1966)
	The Arbitration (International Investment Disputes) Act 1966 (Application to Colonies etc.) Order 1967. (Statutory Instruments, 1967, No. 159, February 10, 1967)
	The Arbitration (International Investment Disputes) (Guernsey) Order 1968. (Statutory Instruments, 1968, No. 1199, July 26, 1968)
	The Arbitration (International Investment Disputes) (Jersey) Order 1979. (Statutory Instruments, 1979, No. 572, May 23, 1979)
	The Arbitration (International Investment Disputes) Act 1983 (an Act of Tynwald).
United States of America	Convention on the Settlement of Investment Disputes Act of 1966. (Pub.L. 89-532; 80 Stat. 344; 22 U.S.C. sec. 1650-1650a, August 11, 1966)
	Executive Order designating certain Public International Organizations entitled to enjoy certain privileges, exemptions and immunities. (Exec. Order 11966; 42 Fed. Reg. 4331 (1977))

<u>Contracting State</u>	<u>Title of Legislation (Citation)</u>
Zambia	Investment Disputes Convention Act, 1970 (Act No. 18 of 1970). (Off. Gaz. Suppl. April 17, 1970, p. 99)
Zimbabwe	Arbitration (International Investment Disputes) Act [Chapter 7:03]